Table of Contents

Title	Page Number
Context Clues	2
Close Reading	3
Sentence Starters	4

Context Clues

Clues that strong readers use to find the meaning of unknown words

- What does the word make you picture in your mind?
- Look for assisting words
 - o or, like, are, called
- Look for words you know in the same sentence
- Think of or look for examples
 - Specific examples provide clues to the meaning of the unknown word.
 - An example of the word is in the sentence or a nearby sentence
- Look for the definition in the sentence
 - The word may be defined in the sentence or in one of the surrounding sentences
 - o The meaning of the word is explained in the sentence
- Synonyms
 - Words that mean the same
- Antonyms
 - Words that mean the opposite
- Infer
 - The meaning is not given so you must use text clues

Things Close Readers Do

- Read the text slowly.
 - o Take your time!
- Reread as needed.
 - If you are answering questions about the text, go back and reread to assure that you understand.
- Make connections
 - To other parts of the text
 - To different texts (books, articles, videos, etc.)
 - To real life or your life
- Clarify
 - Who? What? Where? Why? How?
- Question/Wonder
 - If there is a word you don't know, stop and work on defining it before you continue reading.
- Summarize
 - Get the gist of what the text is about.
- Visualize
 - What do you picture in your mind as you read?
- Infer
 - o a conclusion reached on the basis of evidence and reasoning.
- Discuss
 - o Talk with your family at home about what you are reading.

Sentence Starters

Show the proof in your writing!

Key words and phrases to use to cite "textual evidence".

•	According to the text,	
•	From the reading, I know that	<u>.</u>
•	On page, I noticed	
	, for instance,	
•	The author uses phrases such as, "	"
•	Critics argue that	
•	While it might be true that,	still
	all in all,	
•	Others may say that, but I argue	
	·	
•	I agree with, because	_•
•	I disagree with, because	_•
•	This shows/means/demonstrates that	
•	This confirms/suggests that	
	The author's point is that	